



Sweetly Whipped Strawberry Cream for One

By Erin Fletter

Prep Time 5 / Cook Time / Serves 1 - 2

Fun-Da-Mentals Kitchen Skills

stir: to mix together two or more ingredients with a spoon or spatula, usually in a circle pattern, or figure eight, or in whatever direction you like!

knife skills: Bear Claw (growl), Pinch, Plank, and Bridge (look out for trolls).

chop: to cut something into small, rough pieces using a blade.

seal: to close tightly, keeping filling inside.

shake: to rapidly and vigorously move a covered container filled with food up and down and side to side to combine ingredients and create a different consistency, such as shaking whipped cream to make butter.

Equipment

- ☐ Cutting board
- ☐ Kid-safe knife
- ☐ Small mixing bowl
- ☐ Measuring spoons
- ☐ Dry measuring cups
- ☐ Glass or plastic jar + tight-fitting lid

Ingredients

Sweetly Whipped Strawberry Cream for One

- ☐ 2 ripe strawberries
- ☐ 1 big pinch sugar

☐ 1/4 C heavy whipping cream ******(for DAIRY ALLERGY omit recipe or sub coconut cream)******

☐ 1 pinch salt

Food Allergen Substitutions

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Dairy: Substitute coconut cream for heavy whipping cream OR omit recipe and top cake with strawberry and sugar mixture only.

Instructions

Sweetly Whipped Strawberry Cream for One

dice + sprinkle + mix

Dice **2 strawberries** into tiny pieces. Add them to a small bowl, sprinkle **1 big pinch of sugar** over them, and mix to coat the strawberries in sugar. Set aside.

measure + pour + shake

Measure and pour **1/4 cup of whipping cream** into a pint-sized glass or plastic jar and seal with the lid. With one hand over the lid and the other holding the jar, start shaking the jar back and forth, up and down, round and round, and side to side! Your cream will begin to thicken after about 20 to 30 seconds of shaking. Check it! You want your cream to be thick but not as thick as butter.

add + stir + top

Add your chopped strawberries, their juices, and **1 small pinch of salt** to the jar. Stir to combine. You can top **Strawberry Banana Pudding Mug Cake** or another dessert with Sweetly Whipped Strawberry Cream.

Featured Ingredient: Strawberry!

Hi! I'm Strawberry!

"Hello! I want to introduce myself. I'm Strawberry—and I have my very own month—May! I'm great in desserts, breakfast foods, snacks, salads, and fragrances. I like to be a part of picnics and holiday celebrations. So combine me with blueberries and bananas (or whipped cream, vanilla pudding, or white cake) for a red, white, and blue dessert for Independence Day in the United States or Bastille Day in France."

History

The garden strawberry as we know it was first bred and cultivated in France in the 1750s. It was a cross between a Virginian strawberry and a Chilean strawberry.

The ancient Romans believed strawberries had medicinal powers. So they used them to treat everything from depression to fainting to fever, kidney stones, bad breath, and sore throats.

Native Americans made cornbread with crushed strawberries and cornmeal; this is how strawberries were introduced to Colonists and served as an inspiration for the invention of strawberry shortcake.

In some parts of Europe, people once believed elves could control how much milk cows produced and that the elves loved strawberries. So farmers tied baskets of strawberries to their cows' horns as an offering to the elves.

California produces about 80 percent of the strawberries in the United States. Strawberries have been grown in California since the early 1900s.

Americans eat an average of three and one-half pounds of fresh strawberries per year. In one study, more than half of seven to nine-year-olds picked strawberries as their favorite fruit. They're nature's candy!

Anatomy

The strawberry isn't a true berry but is called an accessory fruit. Strawberries are the only fruit with seeds outside their skin, about 200 on each berry. And, to be super technical, each seed on a strawberry is considered by botanists to be its own separate fruit!

The strawberry plant is a perennial and can last for a few years, producing fruit each year.

How to Pick, Buy, & Eat

Some varieties of strawberries are easier to harvest than others. To pick a strawberry from its plant, grasp the stem just above the berry between your pointer finger and thumbnail and pull with a slight twisting motion.

To store fresh strawberries, place them whole and unwashed in one layer in a plastic or glass storage container and put them in the refrigerator. Wait to clean them until you are ready to eat them, as rinsing them quickens their spoiling.

Strawberries can be pickled! Especially when you pick them green or unripe. If your berries are overripe, make jam!

Strawberries can be puréed into smoothies or milkshakes and baked into tarts, pies, cakes, and tortes. Or, roast them and serve over ice cream and berries. You can also dehydrate and mix them into granola or purée raw strawberries and freeze them into yogurt pops. Dip them in chocolate or drizzle them with cream. Strawberries are incredibly versatile—the fruit we wait all year to enjoy once summer weather hits!

Nutrition

Strawberries are a HUGE source of vitamin C, especially when eaten raw! One cup of strawberries contains 113 percent of our daily recommended value. Vitamin C is excellent for the heart, bones, and teeth. When we cut ourselves or break a bone, vitamin C comes to the rescue to help repair our tissues. Strawberries contain natural fruit sugar, called fructose. However, fructose is better than table sugar (white sugar) because it comes packaged with other vitamins, nutrients, and fiber from the rest of the fruit. Plus, the fiber in fruit helps slow down the effects of sugar in our blood.